

STATE OF MICHIGAN JUDICIAL CIRCUIT - FAMILY DIVISION COUNTY	SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER OF DISPOSITION/PERMANENCY PLANNING (DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS)	CASE NO. PETITION NO. JUDGE
Court address		Court telephone no.

In the matter of _____
First and last name(s), alias(es)

- ☐ 1. Removal date: _____
2. ☐ Review ☐ Hearing to extend jurisdiction ☐ Probation violation hearing
3. As of the last order, dated _____, the juvenile was placed with _____
_____ in the temporary custody of the court.
4. Notice of hearing was served as required by law.
- ☐ 5. The juvenile appeared in court ☐ in person ☐ with the use of videoconferencing technology as permitted in MCR 3.904 with the parent(s), guardian, legal custodian, or guardian ad litem, and
☐ was represented by an attorney. ☐ waived representation by an attorney.

THE COURT FINDS:

- ☐ 6. A risk and needs assessment has been completed on the juvenile and the court has considered the results.
- ☐ 7. A detention screening tool has been completed on the juvenile and the court has considered the results.
- ☐ 8. Return of the juvenile to his or her parents ☐ would ☐ would not cause a substantial risk of harm to the juvenile or society.
- ☐ 9. The juvenile ☐ did ☐ did not violate probation. Supplemental petitions regarding the violation are dated: _____.
- ☐ 10. There ☐ is ☐ is not reasonable cause to believe that the juvenile violated the following court order(s):
_____ because: (Include additional sheets as needed.)
Name and date of order

- ☐ 11. Restitution has been made as ordered.
- ☐ 12. The juvenile has not been rehabilitated.
- ☐ 13. The juvenile presents a serious risk to public safety.
- ☐ 14. The case service plan has been successfully completed (for use when terminating jurisdiction).
- ☐ 15. The juvenile has reached an age no longer within the jurisdiction of the court (for use when terminating jurisdiction).
- ☐ 16. The juvenile must be placed in an institution outside Michigan because
a. institutional care is in the best interests of the juvenile,
b. equivalent facilities to meet the juvenile's needs are not available within Michigan, and
c. the placement will not cause undue hardship.
- ☐ 17. It is contrary to the welfare of the juvenile to remain in the home because:
- ☐ 18. Placement of the juvenile in a secure facility is necessary because there is no appropriate less restrictive placement available considering the best interests of the juvenile because:

Reference Note: The term "department" refers to the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.

- ☐ 19. The needs of the child
- ☐ cannot be met in a foster family home, placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment, and is consistent with the goals in the permanency plan for the child.
 - ☐ can be met in a foster family home, placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program does not provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment, and is not consistent with the goals in the permanency plan for the child.

- ☐ 20. ☐ a. Reasonable efforts to prevent removal of the juvenile from the home were not made.
- ☐ b. Reasonable efforts were made prior to the placement of the juvenile in foster or other out-of-home care, to prevent or eliminate the need for removing the juvenile from his/her home. Those efforts include: (Specify.)

- ☐ 21. ☐ a. Reasonable efforts ☐ were ☐ were not made to preserve and reunify the family to make it possible for the juvenile to safely return to the juvenile's home. (Specify reasonable efforts below, and if applicable, the reasons for return.)
- ☐ 1) Reasonable efforts for reunification should be continued.
 - ☐ 2) Those reasonable efforts were successful and the juvenile should be released to

Name(s) of parent(s), guardian, or legal custodian

The reasonable efforts include: (Specify.)

- ☐ b. Reasonable efforts to preserve and reunify the family to make it possible for the juvenile to safely return to the juvenile's home are not required based on a prior order.
- ☐ 22. *Reasonable efforts ☐ have ☐ have not been made to finalize the court-approved permanency plan of
- ☐ a. return to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian
 - ☐ b. adoption
 - ☐ c. legal guardianship
 - ☐ d. placement with a fit and willing relative
 - ☐ e. placement in another planned permanent living arrangement (APPLA) for the child(ren) age 16 or older due to the compelling reasons that: (Specify the compelling reasons for another planned permanent living arrangement by entering the language that corresponds to the number[s] from the list on the last page.)

The reasonable efforts made to finalize the court-approved permanency plan identified above include:
(Specify the permanency plan for the juvenile and the reasonable efforts made toward finalizing that plan.)

- ☐ 23. Other findings:

Note: If the juvenile had been previously removed from the home, was then returned to the home, and is being removed again through this order, contrary to the welfare and reasonable efforts findings must be made.

*MCL 712A.19a provides that the permanency planning hearing shall not be delayed beyond 12 months from the **most recent** date of removal of the juvenile and every 12 months thereafter.

IT IS ORDERED:

24. Prior orders remain in effect except as modified by this order.

☐ 25. The juvenile is returned to his or her parent(s)/guardian/legal custodian.

☐ 26. The juvenile shall remain in the _____.

☐ 27. Pursuant to MCL 712A.18(1)(k), the juvenile's placement shall not exceed 7 days. This order may not be renewed or extended. The plan for juvenile's release is as follows:

☐ 28. The juvenile's placement shall be changed to _____.

☐ 29. The juvenile's placement in a qualified residential treatment program ☐ is ☐ is not approved.

☐ 30. ☐ a. The juvenile is referred to the department for placement and care under MCL 400.55(h).

☐ b. The juvenile is placed in and shall satisfactorily complete the juvenile boot camp program established by the department. After satisfactorily completing the program, the juvenile shall be placed in the home of _____

_____ and shall complete a minimum of 120 to a maximum of 180 days of intensive supervised probation in the community.

☐ c. The juvenile is committed to the department under MCL 803.301 (Y.R.A.). Pending transfer to the department, temporary placement is as follows:

☐ 31. The juvenile is placed on probation. Probation terms are ☐ attached. ☐ specified in a separate order of probation.

☐ 32. The jurisdiction of this court is terminated in this case.

☐ 33. Jurisdiction is extended until the juvenile reaches the age of 21.

34. Other:

☐ 35. The next review hearing is _____.
Date and time

☐ 36. **IT IS RECOMMENDED:** (Use in cases where applicable.)

☐ The juvenile shall remain in the _____.

☐ The juvenile's placement shall be changed to _____.

Recommended by: Referee signature and date

Judge signature and date

The following are examples of compelling reasons for a permanency plan other than return to parent, legal guardianship, placement with a fit and willing relative, or adoption.

1. No relative has been identified who is appropriate or available to assume the permanent custody of the child.
2. The current caregiver is not an adoptive resource.
3. Reasonable efforts to recruit an adoptive home have been unsuccessful.
4. The child does not want to be adopted and is of an age where due consideration must be given to his/her wishes.
5. It is contrary to the child's best interests to break the child's attachment to the current caregivers.
6. The current caregiver is committed to providing a permanent placement for the child.
7. The placement allows the siblings to remain together.
8. The child's special needs can best be met in this placement.
9. The child wants to remain in the current placement, which is only available as foster care.
10. The placement is preparing the child for transition into independent living (specify the services being provided to the child to assist with transition such as referral to an independent living skills program, enrollment in a vocational program, referral for a mentor, continued out-of-home placement in foster care beyond age 18 to allow the child to complete secondary school, placement in a resource that provides on-site training for independent living, and other similar services).
11. The child comes under the Indian Child Welfare Act and Michigan Indian Family Preservation Act, and the child's tribe recommends permanent placement in long-term foster care.
12. Other (specify in the findings in item 22e).